Ecosystem Exploration

ESSENTIAL QUESTION: How do abiotic factors affect living things (biotic factors)?

OBJECTIVES: Students will

- Compare and contrast four ecosystems and the abiotic factors that form these unique communities
- Explain the interdependence of abiotic factors and biotic factors within these communities

STANDARDS:

- <u>CTE-AFNR.68.ENVIRO.04.04:</u> Discuss the importance of the ecosystems to agriculture, society, and each other.
- <u>CTE-AFNR.68.ENVIRO.04.03</u>: Identify major ecosystems in Florida.
- **<u>SC.912.L.17.7</u>**: Characterize the biotic and abiotic components that define freshwater systems, marine systems and terrestrial systems.

 SAFETY: Close toed shoes Go over expectations when animals are seen Stay on the trail Leave no trace. Do not disturb habitat 	MATERIALS NEEDED for EXTENSIONS: • Biotic/Abiotic picture cards • Fire strike sticks with supplies
 Leave no trace- Do not disturb habitat (take nothing) 	Handheld weather station

ENGAGE: Place a guess what ecosystem game after giving biotic and abiotic clues. (ex: this ecosystem is known for sand, lack of shade, and little precipitation=desert)

Vocabulary:

- **Biotic-** Living, once living (dead), will be living
- Abiotic- Non-living- not man made, found on Earth
- Xeric- Dry; sandy soil, little canopy coverage
- **Ecosystem-** A biological community of interacting organisms and their abiotic factors
- Watershed- An area of land that flows to a common body of water
- Hydric- Water/Wet
- Riverine Swamp- A wetland system surrounding a river
- Pine Flatwoods- Ecosystem characterized by pine trees, well-drained soil and plenty of sunlight

EXPLORE:

- Use senses to detect different smells/textures/sounds- collect samples without disturbing habitat
- Infiltration of water in the soil to compare percolation within differing habits (How many seconds?)
- Students look at canopies in different ecosystems

EVALUATE:

• Students can identify abiotic and biotic factors in an ecosystem while justifying how these factors shape that community.

EXTENSIONS:

- Biotic/Abiotic picture cards
- Fire strike sticks
- Gopher tortoise burrows
- Lichen Story (Alice/Freddie/Buddy)
- Edible plants- Sparkleberry/Grapevine
- Use a handheld weather station- temperature/humidity/wind speed/elevation

H.O.T. QUESTIONS:

- How does elevation affect the amount of water in an ecosystem?
- Why would a dead tree be more important to an ecosystem than a live tree?

- The sparkleberry bush ripens at different times throughout the year. How is this an advantage for the ecosystem?
- How do the large bases (buttress) of the cypress tree serve as an adaptation?